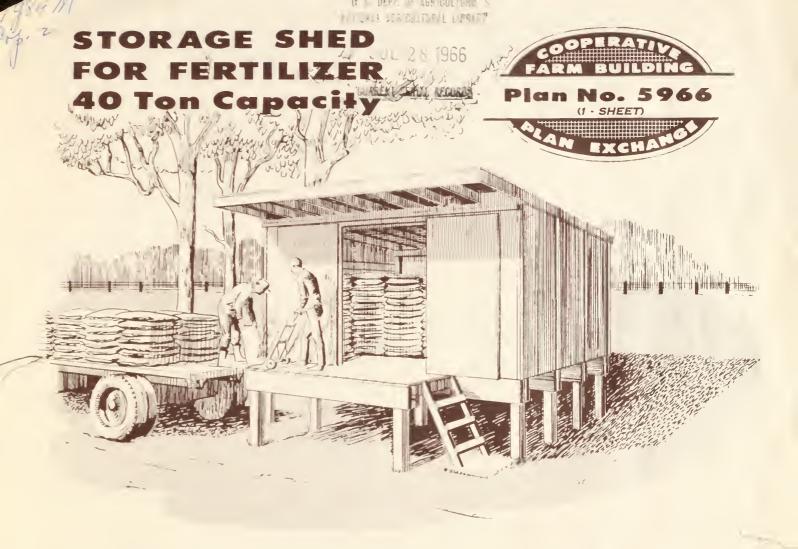
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This strongly built shed provides dry, convenient storage for bagged fertilizer. The pressure-treated posts are fostened to girders with toothed connectors and golvonized bolts that are strong enough to support a stock of fertilizer 6 feet high. Posts and weather-exposed wood should be pressure treated to the equivalent of 8 pounds of creasate per cubic foot of timber.

Not only strength but also weother tightness, convenience, and resistance to corrosion should be considered when locating and building the shed.

Cut a water-drip, sow kerf into the plotform between the two front supporting girders to keep water on the looding plotform from running under the sliding door into the storage.

Build the shed neor on all-weather road with access to the loading plotform. On lorge plontotions or forms, sheds may be strategically placed of points convenient for fertilizer use. Nails and bolts used for fostening should be corrosion resistant. Hot-dipped golvanized bolts usually give good service in corrosive conditions. Asbestos cement sheets are recommended for siding because they will not corrode.

Posts, floor beoms, and flooring should be pressure treated with an oil-base preservative to a retention of 8 pounds per cubic foot.

Complete working drawings may be obtained through your county agricultural agent or from the Extension agricultural engineer at most State agricultural colleges. There is usually a small charge.

ORDER PLAN NO. 5966, STORAGE SHED FOR FERTILIZER, 40-TON CAPACITY

If the working drawings are not available in your State, write to the U.S. Department of Agriculture, Agricultural Engineering Research Division, Plant Industry Station, Beltsville, Md. The U.S. Department of Agriculture does not distribute drawings, but will direct your request to a State that does distribute them.

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